

Indian Foreign Policy

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Instructors

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We are privileged to have Professor Sumit Ganguly, Distinguished Professor and Rabindranath Tagore Chair Professor at the Department of Political Science, Indiana University as a visitor in our department. Professor Ganguly is a Humboldt Award winner – which is the highest Humboldt Award. We feel privileged that he has agreed to base himself at Heidelberg as a Humboldt Research Awardee.

Course Description

This block seminar for BA and MA students will explore the causes and trajectory of India's security and economic policies. We will discuss issues such as nuclear policies, maritime prowess in the Indian ocean region, India's economic regionalism, its policies towards international trade, environment and financial regimes. India followed a professed policy of non-alignment for many decades with a view to maintaining a certain distance from the power politics of super powers. Was the norm of non-alignment realised? Has India moved away from that norm in the post-Cold War world?

Meeting Times

24.05.2019, 11:00 – 1300 hours

Introduction and organization

Distribution of topics. Students should submit final topic and handout (topic, main question, argument and bibliography to Ronja Gottschling (cc Mukherji) by July 1. We will appoint a student discussant after receiving the hand outs. This is critical for the success of the block seminar.

Yobst 2, CMS, EG, SR 01

11.07.2019, 1000 hours to 1600 hours

Lecture by Sumit Ganguly and paper discussions

12.07.2019, 1300 hours to 1600 hours

Lecture by Rahul Mukherji and paper discussions
Volsstr. 2, KJC / SR 002

Prior Requirements

This seminar does not require preparation. It is a serious seminar which will benefit from a commitment to international relations of South Asia, foreign policy studies and social theory.

Organization

This first meeting will initiate the class. Instructors will introduce the class. The class is divided into 4 sections:

1. Ideas and Power in Indian Foreign Policy
2. India's Emergence
3. Security Issues in Indian foreign policy
4. Economic Relations and Indian foreign policy

This class will introduce some of the conceptual issues to enable students to prepare presentations on any one of the four topics.

There will be two subsequent meetings on July 11 and July 12. Sumit Ganguly will deliver a lecture on India's foreign and security policies on July 11. Rahul Mukherji will deliver a lecture on India's emergence and its foreign economic policies on July 12.

These lectures will be followed by presentations by students and discussions.

- Students hold a 30 minute presentation with appropriate handouts and slides. This will earn students 2 credit points.
- Attendance is essential. Attendance and active participation will earn 2 credit points.
- Students will submit a paper of 3000-3500 words for BA students and 4000-4500 words for MA students. This will earn students 2 credit points.
- Student participation is essential. This participation in class makes for a lively session. The better prepared the students are the more will lecturers act more as moderators. This makes for a successful block seminar.

- Mukherji's student hours are Thursdays 2-4 pm. Students are most welcome to reserve their appointment times outside my office and discuss issues outside class.
- The readings given below are indicative of the broad themes. Students should engage with these readings to hold a view regarding the broad themes and then pick a topic that speaks to the broad theme. To give one example, students can engage with policy ideas and power as a broad theme. Students will then address some issue in Indian foreign policy such as India's nuclear policy or India's China policy to gauge the importance of ideas versus power in foreign policy formation. While gauging whether normative frameworks such as a body of policy ideas or its quest for power shaped India's foreign policy towards China (or let us say its trade relations) with neighbors, students may explore particular cases within a time frame.
- Important readings will be uploaded on Moodle. Students are expected to do their own research beyond that.
- Students should use relevant readings and go beyond them to answer an important research question in the paper.

Topics for Discussion:

1. Ideas and Power in Indian Foreign Policy *(Ganguly)*

What were the principal tension between ideas and power in the early years of Indian Foreign policy?

- Judith Goldstein and Robert O Keohane, eds., *Ideas & Foreign Policy* (Cornell University Press, 1993).
 - Sumit Ganguly, Manjeet Pardesi and Ian Hall, eds., *Oxford Handbook on India's National Security* (Oxford University Press, 2018): chapters by Ganguly and Hall
 - Rahul Sagar, "The Hindu Nationalist View of International Politics" in Kanti Bajpai, et al, ed., *India's Grand Strategy: History, Theory, Cases*, New Delhi: Routledge, 2014.
 - Sumit Ganguly, *The Oxford Short Introduction to Indian Foreign Policy* (Oxford University Press, 2015).
 - Zorawar Daulet Singh, *Power and Diplomacy* (Oxford University Press, 2018).
 - Sisir Gupta, *India and Regional Integration in Asia* (Asia Publishing House, 1964).
- #### 2. India's Emergence *(Mukherji)*
- What is the nature of the world order? What does it mean for India?
How can we think of India's emergence in the global economy?
- John Ruggie, "Embedded Liberalism," *International Organization* 36:2 (Spring 1982), special issue on "International Regimes."

- Iftan Nooruddin and Nita Rudra, "Are developing countries defying the embedded liberalism compact?" *World Politics* 66, 4 (October 2014): 603-640.
 - M E Keck & Sikkink, K. (2014). *Activists beyond borders: Advocacy networks in international politics*. Cornell University Press. (Read Introduction: 1-38; Chapter 4 121-164).
 - Steven D Krasner, *Structural Conflict* (Berkeley: University of California Press, 1985).
 - Rahul Mukherji, "India and Global Economic Governance: From Structural Conflict to Embedded Liberalism", *International Studies Review* Vol. 16, No. 3 (September 2014): 460-466.
 - Amrita Natliker. 2011. "Is India a Responsible Great Power?" *Third World Quarterly* 32(9):1607-21.
 - Leslie Elliott Armijo. 2007. The BRICs Countries (Brazil, Russia, India, and China) as Analytic Category: Mirage or Insight? *Asian Perspective* 31(4): 7-42.
 - Cornel Ban and Mark Blyth. 2013. "The BRICs and the Washington Consensus: An introduction." *Review of International Political Economy* 20(2):241-5.
 - Rohan Mukherjee (2015). India's International Development Program. In: Srinath Raghavan, David M. Malone and C. Raja Mohan [eds.], *The Oxford Handbook of Indian Foreign Policy*, Oxford, UK: Oxford University Press, pp. 173-187.
 - Chris Alden and Marco Antonio Vieira, "The New Diplomacy of the South: South Africa, Brazil, India and Trilateralism," *Third World Quarterly*, Vol. 26, No. 7 (2005), pp. 1077-1095.
3. Security Issues in Indian Foreign policy *Ganguly*
 What have been the enduring security concerns in India's foreign policy? How have they evolved over time? What factors best explain their evolution? Partition and its Legacies
- Yasmin Khan, *The Great Partition: The Making of India and Pakistan* (New Haven: Yale University Press, 2017), pp104-142.
 - Radha Kumar, "The Troubled History of Partition," *Foreign Affairs*, January/February 1997, 76:1, pp.
 - Tai Yong Tan and Gyanesh Kudaisya, *The Aftermath of Partition in South Asia* (London: Routledge, 2000), pp. 78-100.
 - Gyanendra Pandey, *Remembering Partition* (Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 2001), pp. 21-44.

- Lucy P. Chester, *Borders and conflict in South Asia* (Manchester: Manchester University Press, 2009), pp.1-24.
- Nuclear Issues in Indian Foreign Policy
- Sumit Ganguly, "India's Pathway to Pokhran II: The Sources and Prospects of New Delhi's Nuclear Weapons Program," *International Security*, 23:4, Spring 1999, pp.148-177.
- Gaurav Kampani, "New Delhi's Long Nuclear Journey: How Secrecy and Institutional Roadblocks Delayed India's Weaponization," *International Security*, 38:4, Spring 2014, pp.79-114.
- Vipin Narang, "Strategies of Nuclear Proliferation: How States Pursue the Bomb," *International Security*, Winter 2016/2017, pp.110-150.
- The Conflict in Kashmir.
- Sumit Ganguly and S. Paul Kapur, *India, Pakistan and the Bomb: Debating Nuclear Stability in South Asia* (New York: Columbia University Press, 2010), pp.1-34.
- Sumit Ganguly, "Nuclear Stability in South Asia," *International Security*, Fall 2008, 33:2, pp.45-70.
- S. Paul Kapur, "Ten Years of Instability in South Asia," *International Security*, Fall 2008, 33:2, 71-94.
- Vipin Narang, "Five Myths about India's Nuclear Posture," *The Washington Quarterly*, Summer 2013, 36:3, pp.143-157.
- Shashank Joshi, "Pakistan and Tactical Nuclear Weapons: Déjà Vu?" *The Washington Quarterly*, Summer 2013, 36:3, pp.159-172.
- Walter C. Ladwig, "A Cold Start to Hot Wars: The Indian Army's New Limited War Doctrine," *International Security*, Winter 2007/2008, 32:3, pp.158-190.
- Sumit Ganguly, *Conflict Unending: India-Pakistan Tensions Since 1947* (New York: Columbia University Press, 2001), pp.1-30.
- Jyoti Bhusan Das Gupta, Jammu and Kashmir (The Hague: Martinus Nijhoff, 1968), pp.82-115.
- Andrew Whitehead, *A Mission in Kashmir* (New Delhi: Viking Penguin, 2007), pp.97-160.
- The Sino-Indian Border Dispute
- John W. Garver, *Protracted Contest: Sino-Indian Rivalry in the Twentieth Century* (Seattle: University of Washington Press, 2001), pp.3-109.
- Manjeet Pardesi, "Instability in Tibet and the Sino-Indian Rivalry: Do Domestic Politics Matter," in Sumit Ganguly and William R. Thompson, *Asian Rivalries: Conflict, Escalation and the Limitations on Two-Level Games* (Palo Alto: Stanford University Press, 2011), pp.79-117.
- Jeff M. Smith, *Cold Peace: China-India Rivalry in the Twenty-First Century* (Lanham: Lexington Books, 2014) pp.3-33.

4. Economic relations and Indian foreign policy *Mukherji*

How has India conducted its economic relations? Has its approach been bilateral, multilateral or regional?

- Climate Policy
 - Rahul Mukherji and Himanshu Jha. India and Bangladesh in Climate Change Negotiations: From Structural Conflict to Embedded Liberalism. (Unpublished Manuscript)
 - A. Najam (2005). Developing countries and global environmental governance: From contestation to participation to engagement. *International Environmental Agreements: Politics, Law and Economics*, 5(3), 303-321.
 - N K Dubash (2013). The politics of climate change in India: narratives of equity and cobenefits. *Wiley Interdisciplinary Reviews: Climate Change*, 4(3), 191-201.
- Multilateral Diplomacy
 - Andrew Hurrell and Armita Narlikar. 2006. A New Politics of Confrontation? Brazil and India in Multilateral Trade Negotiations. *Global Society* 20(4): 415-433.
- India's foreign economic policy
 - Hardeep Singh Puri, *India's Trade Policy Dilemma and the Role of Domestic Reform* (Carnegie India, 2017).
 - Rahul Mukherji, "India's Foreign Economic Policies," *Engaging the World* (Oxford University Press, 2016): 470-95.
 - Vinod K. Aggarwal and Rahul Mukherji, "India's Shifting Trade Policy: South Asia and Beyond," in Vinod K. Aggarwal and Min Gyo Koo, eds., *Asia's New Institutional Architecture: Evolving Structures for Managing Trade and Security Relations*, eds., (Heidelberg: Springer Verlag, 2008), pp. 215-258.
- South Asia as a region
 - A Najam and M Yusuf, eds., *South Asia 2060* (Anthem Press, 2013).
 - S Ahmed, S Kelegama and E Ghani, ed., *Promoting Economic Cooperation in South Asia* (World Bank, 2010).