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## Seminarplan

Prof. Dr. Aurel Croissant

"Asiens Autokratien"

Do. 09.00 - 11.00 Uhr, SR 215

<b>19.04</b>	<b>ENTFÄLLT</b>
<b>26.04</b>	<b>EINFÜHRUNGSSITZUNG</b>
<b>I. Grundlagen: Konzepte autokratischer Herrschaft</b>	
<b>03.05</b>	<b>TOTALITARISMUS &amp; POSTTOTALITARISMUS</b> <i>Pflichtlektüre:</i> Merkel, Wolfgang (2004). "Totalitäre Regime", Totalitarismus und Demokratie, 1 (2): 183-201. Linz, Juan J. (2000). <i>Totalitäre und autoritäre Regime</i> , Berlin: 20-34. Linz, Juan J.; Stepan, Alfred (1996). „Modern Nondemocratic Regimes“, in Juan J. Linz & Alfred Stepan, <i>Problems of Democratic Transition and Consolidation. Southern Europe, South America, and Post-Communist Europe</i> , Baltimore/London. <b>Referent:</b>
<b>10.05</b>	<b>AUTORITARISMUS</b> <i>Pflichtlektüre:</i> Brooker, Paul (2000) "Authoritarianism", in Paul Brooker, <i>Non-Democratic Regimes: Theory, Government and Politics</i> , New York: 21-36. Linz, Juan J. (2000). <i>Totalitäre und autoritäre Regime</i> , Berlin: 129-157.

	Merkel, Wolfgang (1999). Systemtransformation, Opladen: 36-43.
<b>17.05</b>	<b>ENTFÄLLT – CHRISTI HIMMELFAHRT</b>
<b>24.05</b>	<p><b>SULTANISMUS UND NEOPATRIMONIALISMUS</b></p> <p><i>Pflichtlektüre:</i></p> <p>Chehabi, H. E.; Linz, Juan J. (1998a). „A Theory of Sultanism 1: A Type of Nondemocratic Rule“, in H. E. Chehabi &amp; Juan J. Linz (Hrsg.): <i>Sultanistic Regimes</i>, Baltimore/London: 3-26.</p> <p>Erdmann, Gero; Engel, Ulf (2006). <i>Neopatrimonialism Revisited - Beyond a Catch-all Concept. DÜI Working Papers Global and Area Studies</i>, Hamburg: 5-32  <a href="http://www.duei.de/content/publikationen/pdf/wp16_erdmann-engel.pdf">http://www.duei.de/content/publikationen/pdf/wp16_erdmann-engel.pdf</a></p>
<b>31.05</b>	<p><b>AUTORITARISMUS MIT ADJEKTIVEN &amp; HYBRIDE REGIME</b></p> <p><i>Pflichtlektüre:</i></p> <p>Rüb, Friedbert W. (2002). „Hybride Regime: Politikwissenschaftliches Chamäleon oder ein neuer Regimetypus? Begriffliche und konzeptionelle Überlegungen zum neuen Pessimismus in der Transitologie“, in Petra Bendel, Aurel Croissant und Friedbert W. Rüb (Hrsg.), <i>Zwischen Demokratie und Diktatur. Zur Konzeption und Empirie demokratischer Grauzonen</i>, Opladen: 99-119.</p> <p>Diamond, Larry (2002). „Thinking About Hybrid Regimes“, <i>Journal of Democracy</i>, 13 (2): 20-35.</p> <p>Referent: Jens Tödter</p>
<b>07.06</b>	<b>ENTFÄLLT - FRONLEICHNAM</b>
<b>II. Nordostasien</b>	
<b>14.06</b>	<p><b>NORDKOREA I: ENTSTEHUNG UND ENTWICKLUNG EINER TOTALITÄREN ORDNUNG (1945-1994)</b></p> <p><i>Pflichtlektüre:</i></p> <p>Cummings, Bruce (1997). „Nation of the Sun King: North Korea, 1953-1996“, in Bruce Cummings, <i>Korea's Place in the Sun. A Modern History</i>, New York/London: 394-434.</p> <p>Frank, Rüdiger (2005). „Politisches System Nordkoreas“, in Thomas Kern &amp; Patrick Köllner (Hrsg.), <i>Südkorea und Nordkorea. Einführung in Geschichte, Politik, Wirtschaft und Gesellschaft</i>, Frankfurt a. M./New York: 216-234.</p>
<b>Blockseminar 13. – 14. 07 (IPW, SR 215)</b>	
<b>13.07</b>	
<b>9.15-10.45</b>	<p><b>NORDKOREA II: ENTWICKLUNG UND PERSPEKTIVEN DER POLITISCHEN ORDNUNG SEIT 1994</b></p> <p><i>Pflichtlektüre:</i></p> <p>Ahn, Yinhay (1999). „The Kim Il Sung Constitution and the Change of the Kim Jong-il System in North Korea“, <i>International Journal of Korean Unification Studies</i>, 8: 179-200.</p> <p>Paik Haksoon (2006), <i>Changing Dynamics of the North Korean System</i>, <a href="http://www.keia.org/2-Publications/2-3-Monograph/Monograph2006/08Paik.pdf">www.keia.org/2-Publications/2-3-Monograph/Monograph2006/08Paik.pdf</a></p> <p>Mayer, Maximilian (2004). „Die Stabilität des nordkoreanischen Regimes – eine</p>

	Strategie der Nischengenerierung und des Parasitismus“, Asien, 93 (Oktober): 10-51.
11.15-12.45	<p><b>VOLKSREPUBLIK CHINA I: DIE MAO-JAHRE (1949-1978)</b></p> <p><i>Pflichtlektüre:</i></p> <p>Dreyer, June Teufel (2006): “The Communist Road to Power”, in June Teufel Dreyer, <i>China’s Political System. Modernization and Tradition</i>, 5. Auflage, New York et al.: 63-80.</p> <p>Saich, Tony (2004): „China’s Changing Road to Development: Political History, 1949-78“, in Tony Saich, <i>Governance and Politics of China</i>, 2. Auflage, New York: 25-56.</p>
14.15-15.45	<p><b>VOLKSREPUBLIK CHINA II: DIE REFORM JAHRE (1978-2003)</b></p> <p><i>Pflichtlektüre:</i></p> <p>Dreyer, June Teufel (2006): “PRC Politics in the Post-Mao Era”, in June Teufel Dreyer, <i>China’s Political System. Modernization and Tradition</i>, 5. Auflage, New York et al.: 107-138.</p> <p>Saich, Tony (2004): „China under Reform, 1978-2003 “, in Tony Saich, <i>Governance and Politics of China</i>, 2. Auflage, New York: 57-86.</p> <p>Referentin Kristine Döll und Komilitonin</p>
16.15-17.45	<p><b>VOLKSREPUBLIK CHINA III: PERSPEKTIVEN VON REGIMEWANDEL UND REGIMEWECHSEL ZU BEGINN DES 21. JAHRHUNDERT</b></p> <p><i>Pflichtlektüre:</i></p> <p>Ogden, Suzanne (2006): <i>Gazing into the Crystal Ball: China’s Prospects for Democracy</i> (unveröffentlichtes Manuskript).</p> <p>Chen, A. (2003). “Rising-Class Politics and its Impact on China’s Path to Democracy”, <i>Democratization</i> 22 (2): 141-162.</p> <p>Heilmann, Sebastian (2002). “Perspektiven der politischen Entwicklung”, in Sebastian Heilmann, <i>Das Politische System der Volksrepublik China</i>, Wiesbaden: 273-288.</p> <p>Referent: Benjamin Preißner</p>
14.07	
<b>III. Zentralasien</b>	
9.15-10.45	<p><b>NEOPATRIMONIALISMUS, SULTANISMUS ODER POST-SOWJETISCHER AUTORITARISMUS I: TADJIKISTAN / KIRGISTAN</b></p> <p><i>Pflichtlektüre:</i></p> <p>Ishiyama, John (2002). “Neopatrimonialism and the prospects for democratization in the Central Asian republics”, in Sally .N. Cummings (ed.), <i>Power and change in Central Asia</i>, London.</p> <p>Berg, Andrea (2004). „Dynastie oder Demokratie? Die Personalisierung des Staates in Zentralasien“, <i>WeltTrends</i> 12 (Winter).</p> <p>Cummings, Sally N. (2002). “Introduction: Power and Change in Central Asia”, in Sally .N. Cummings (ed.), <i>Power and change in Central Asia</i>, London.</p> <p>Kangas, R. (1994). “Problems of State Building in the Central Asian Republics”, <i>World Affairs</i>, 157 (1).</p>
11.15-12.45	<b>NEOPATRIMONIALISMUS, SULTANISMUS ODER POST-SOWJETISCHER</b>

	<b>AUTORITARISMUS II: TURKMENISTAN / USBEKISTAN / KASACHSTAN</b> <i>Pflichtlektüre:</i> Siehe Zentralasien (I)
<b>IV. Südostasien</b>	
<b>14.15-15.45</b>	<b>SINGAPUR: ELEKTORALER AUTORITARISMUS ODER HYBRIDES REGIME?</b> <i>Pflichtlektüre:</i> Rodan, G. (2006): Singapore ‚Exceptionalism‘? Authoritarian Rule and State Transformation. Perth, Murdoch University Asia Research Centre Working Paper No. 131, <a href="http://www.warc.murdoch.edu.au/wp/wp131.pdf">http://www.warc.murdoch.edu.au/wp/wp131.pdf</a>
<b>16.15-17.45</b>	<b>BURMA/MYANMAR: MILITÄRREGIME NEUEN TYPUS?</b> <i>Pflichtlektüre:</i> Englehart, Neil A. (2005). „Is Regime Change Enough for Burma? The Problem of State Capacity“, <i>Asian Survey</i> , 45 (4): 622-644. Tin Maung Maung Than (2006). „Myanmar. Military in Charge“, in John Funston, ed., <i>Governments and Politics in Southeast Asia</i> , Singapore: 203-251.
<b>19.07</b>	<b>ZUSAMMENFASSUNG, SCHLUSSFOLGERUNGEN, AUSBLICK</b>
<b>26.07</b>	<b>ENTFÄLLT</b>

## Literaturliste

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- Linz, Juan J. (2000). Totalitäre und autoritäre Regime, Berlin.
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## China

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